Chapter 4
Land Use and Development Characteristics
LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT CHARACTERISTICS

A primary objective of the redevelopment program is to enable an expanded mix of commercial, entertainment, and residential uses in the Downtown district. As the redevelopment program evolves and the real estate market strengthens, the City and the CRA will be in a position to work with property owners and investors to assemble, master plan and redevelop key sites. The intent is to address individual site deficiencies, such as, inadequate lot sizes, or the lack of parking and access, and introduce new development in highly visible locations entering the Downtown core. The CRA and the City must evaluate, and when possible, upgrade infrastructure in support of site development. When possible, the City should also upgrade conveyance and transmission infrastructure on a systematic basis as well. Tavares is the seat of the Lake County government services; therefore a premium has been established on office uses in the Downtown to support government related activities. Unfortunately, in this case, over time, this has displaced commercial uses from the Downtown core. This phenomenon has combined with the trend towards commercial and residential suburbanization and the encroachment of office use in surrounding neighborhoods. The result has been an oversupply of institutional and office activities in Downtown, and the creation of a 9 to 5 commuter town that essentially shuts down after daytime business hours. However, since the adoption of the 2008 Downtown Tavares Redevelopment Master Plan, there has been a significant increase of evening downtown activities and hours. New restaurants, hotels, and retail business along Ruby Street including special events along the waterfront has contributed to this increase of evening downtown activities.

The Master Plan envisions Downtown Tavares as a vibrant, mixed-use regional center with interconnected neighborhoods and the most intense development focused in the Downtown Core. The future vision builds upon the public improvements and planned developments currently underway: the Ruby Street Stormwater Improvement and Beautification project, Wooton Park Phase II improvements and the Tavares’ Public Safety Complex. A key component required for successful redevelopment of the downtown is to increase the amount of residents within the core area by providing the base market for related hospitality, entertainment and retail activities. Therefore, the Plan recommends the CRA pursue activities that support significant development intensities and multi-family housing in the Downtown core and, where appropriate, in the vicinity of adjoining neighborhoods. It is also important that there be diversity in the residential development in the Downtown Redevelopment Area such that it includes both market rate and affordable housing. The presence of a significant number of Lake County and Florida Hospital Waterman employees represent an untapped residential population that may choose to live in the Downtown, if there were residential opportunities available. A number of these workers would qualify for affordable housing and the CRA should work to include an appropriate mix of affordable housing units in its overall residential development strategy.
One of the major goals of the redevelopment program is to preserve and enhance the historic neighborhoods in the vicinity of the Downtown. This is a formidable task when considering recent private investment in property renovations for the purpose of converting residences into commercial and office use. Compounding this problem is the fact that the older neighborhoods must compete with new housing developments in a housing market that offers a diverse range of housing products that are competitively priced. This Plan proposes specific growth patterns that increase the Downtown’s development capacity while simultaneously introducing transition mixed-use areas that clearly define and preserve the residential character in the neighborhoods.

Downtown’s existing regional corridors, U.S. Highway 441 and SR 19, are envisioned to continue developing as commercial corridors driven by favorable market conditions associated with high traffic volume and regional growth. New developments along these corridors are expected to support uses catering to local serving auto-oriented uses such as auto repair shops, gas stations, hotels, chain restaurants, and Class-A offices. Properties that extend from US 441 and SR 19 to neighborhood streets should be redeveloped as multi-family residential uses with commercial frontage along the corridors.

Planned Wooton Park improvements, and related events hosted by the City on the waterfront is anticipated to necessitate a demand for hotels, restaurants, entertainment venues, and enhancements to the infrastructure and parking network in the future. As new development and redevelopment occur, the conditions in the Downtown will invariably change and possibly transform the physical, economic, and social fabric of the surrounding neighborhoods. The sustainable growth of Downtown Tavares relies on the manner in which the residential areas, activity centers, transportation network, buildings, and natural resources are coordinated and designed.

These changes are expected to play a pivotal role in providing Downtown with a diverse residential base that will need to be supported by complementary public amenities: neighborhood parks, expanded school facilities, cultural facilities, neighborhood retail, and upgraded infrastructure facilities.

Development Characteristics: Intensities and Densities

This section describes the relationship between new development and redevelopment and the public realm improvements in Downtown Tavares. Based on the results of development preference maps prepared during the community visioning process by the East Central Florida Regional Planning Council, the Plan defines four development intensities within the CRA boundaries. The Plan establishes guidelines for intensity of use, building heights, building types, and street frontage types within the Downtown’s existing fabric in Chapter 5: Urban Design and Historic Preservation. The redevelopment plan recommends four different development intensities: Commercial Downtown (CD) District, Mixed-Use (MU) Transition, General Commercial (C-2) Corridor, and Residential (RSF-1 & RMF-2) Neighborhoods.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ZONING</th>
<th>DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COMMERCIAL DOWNTOWN DISTRICT (CD)</td>
<td>Maximum 84 foot Height</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Maximum 25 du/ac</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MIXED USE TRANSITION (MU)</td>
<td>Maximum 35 foot Height</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Maximum 12 du/ac</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GENERAL COMMERCIAL CORRIDOR (C-2)</td>
<td>Maximum 25 foot Height</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Proposed FAR 2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEIGHBORHOOD RESIDENTIAL (RSF-1 &amp; RMF-2)</td>
<td>Maximum 35 foot Height</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Maximum 5.6 &amp; 12 du/ac</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In general, the Plan concentrates the most intense development in the Commercial Downtown District (Civic/Institutional Core, Traditional Main Street, and the Waterfront Entertainment District). This district is characterized by high density six to eight story mixed-use development patterns and civic facilities and amenities that are anticipated to serve a regional population. The Mixed-Use Transition district is characterized by moderate-medium density, mixed-use development characterized by townhouses, apartment buildings, professional office, and retail located in two to four-story buildings. The Plan also ensures adequate transition to the residential low-density neighborhoods by recommending that buildings transition from in height down to the neighborhood mixed-use low district. Since the last updated, the Land Development Regulations were amended to reflect the maximum heights proposed in the 2008 Plan. The Floor Area Ratios (FAR) will be addressed when the City update its Comprehensive Plan.
**Existing Land Use by Acreage**

Existing Land Use

Downtown Tavares contains 645 properties, encompassing approximately 272 acres of land area, excluding right-of-ways. Based on the land use codes provided by Lake County Property Appraiser’s Office, there are over thirty (30) land use types found within the redevelopment area. For analysis purposes, this report classifies these types into six major existing land use categories:

1. Institutional
2. Residential
3. Commercial
4. Vacant Lands
5. Industrial
6. Other uses

**Planned Development Projects**

Tavares’ Public Safety Complex, the Ruby Street Project and the Stormwater Improvement Park are the City’s major development CRA projects currently slated or underway. The Tavares’ Public Safety Complex consist of consolidating the Police, Fire and EMS services into one 2-Story structure complex. The site is approximately 2-acre in size and is located on the northeast corner of W. Caroline Street and W. Alfred Street (Old US441). The structure will have a total of approximately 46,000 square feet of which 8,400 will be used for vehicle bays. The project is currently under Site Plan review and is projected to start construction later this year.

The Ruby Street project is designed first and foremost to improve and protect the water quality of Lake Dora, which has been designated as an impaired lake by the EPA. Because the City of Tavares is committed to taking the lead on reducing the flow of pollutants into Lake Dora, an innovative and aesthetically pleasing stormwater treatment plan was created, many aspects of which will be the first in State of Florida to be utilized. An 8-acre walkable park will be created, which will consist of a series of beautiful “ponds” and wooden bridges, which will actually serve as sustainable stormwater treatment area. Floating flower and fauna mats (Bee Mats) will fill the ponds, which will also contribute to removing pollutants. This cutting-edge stormwater treatment “park” will create a scenic green space addition to downtown. The park will also be used to inform and educate the public about stormwater pollution issues.

The next phase of the project will include a complete beautification and streetscape for Ruby Street, including hand-laid red bricks, and a comprehensive landscape package. The extent of the red brick resurfacing will be the entire Ruby Street with a portion of S. Joanna Avenue (south of Ruby Street). Moreover, this project will replace 50-year old drainage pipes and outfalls, which will resolve the flooding issues that currently plague Ruby Street during heavy rains. The finished Ruby Street project will be among the most inviting downtown locations in Florida.

**Existing Land Use by Parcel Count**

Fig. 4.4 Existing Land Use Distribution Charts, Downtown Tavares CRA

Source: City of Tavares GIS Database, March 2017

**Fig. 4.5 Map showing Existing Land Use Distribution, Downtown Tavares CRA**

Source: City of Tavares GIS Database, March 2017

Two of the major development projects currently underway in Downtown Tavares: Public Safety Complex and Ruby Street Stormwater Park.

Source: City of Tavares
Objectives 4-1 & 4-2: Land Use and Development Characteristics

4-1 Provide the community with an overall balance of uses and activities enabling an expanded mix of commercial, civic, entertainment, recreational, and residential uses;

4-2 Achieve development patterns that ensure efficient use of available land.

Action Strategies:

4.1 Promote increased densities (12-25 dwelling units per acre/ 6-8 stories) in locations within one-quarter mile of the waterfront, civic center and potential transit station to capitalize on the benefits of consolidated nodal development.

4.2 Encourage new infill moderate to medium densities residential developments (10-12 dwelling units per acre/ 2-4 stories) on sites within the Downtown Transition District.

4.3 Require combined mixed-use developments throughout the Downtown Core through revisions to the land development regulations as required to remove any obstacles that discourage combined mixed-use development.

4.4 Encourage at-grade retail centers which are connected to the sidewalk network along the north-south streets between Alfred and Ruby Streets.

4.5 Permit development of a diverse range of service and support commercial uses in the Downtown Core (personal services, small pharmacy store, neighborhood grocery stores, banks and drycleaners) to ensure access to essential services.

4.6 Identify and market areas where private interests can develop housing and necessary support facilities in the Downtown core area and adjacent neighborhoods including Main Street, Ruby Street, and Alfred Street.

4.7 Strategically target appropriate locations within the redevelopment area to facilitate new privately developed multi-family housing developments.

4.8 Support the development of retail uses that accommodate extended hours of operation- cafes, restaurants, book stores- to stimulate activity into non-work hours.

4.9 Discourage location of surface parking lots in the front of buildings in areas within the Downtown Core and Downtown Transition districts.

4.10 Consider financial incentives to promote owner-occupied housing in the redevelopment area.

4.11 Redevelop properties that extend from US 441 and SR 19 to neighborhood streets as multi-family residential uses with commercial frontage along the corridors.

4.12 Develop strategies to encourage the development of affordable housing, with an emphasis in developing strategies in which affordable housing can be integrated within market rate housing development projects.

4.13 Continue to direct future industrial development and expansion of existing industrial uses to appropriate areas outside the Downtown CRA, and evaluate feasibility of pursuing an administrative rezoning for industrially zoned properties to commercial or mixed-use.

4.14 Provide a range of housing options introducing owner occupied multi-family and mixed-use development, primarily in areas abutting the commercial and industrial uses, to provide for a transition from more intense non-residential to less intense residential neighborhoods.

4.15 Encourage the development of appropriate transitional office and low-impact retail uses along Alfred and Caroline Streets while minimizing impacts on adjoining neighborhoods.

4.16 Work with industrial businesses abutting the SR 19 corridor to improve the physical conditions of the buildings and landscaping along the corridors.

4.17 Continue efforts to rehabilitate quality older housing stock and encourage infill development of vacant residential and commercial properties in the redevelopment area.

4.18 Provide linkages between neighborhoods utilizing the existing and proposed system of trails, sidewalks, alleysways and bicycle routes.

4.19 Provide incentives such as intensity bonuses on development projects that provide public amenities and infrastructure improvements.

4.20 Utilize the design review process and code enforcement to ensure adherence and attention to design guidelines and ordinance requirements.
Character Districts

The Redevelopment Plan envisions Downtown Tavares as a synthesis of distinct neighborhoods and districts, each containing their unique features and characteristics. These areas were determined on the basis of having similar land use composition, physical characteristics, and function. Moreover, the urban structure and form in several large sections of the residential neighborhoods and the Main Street district is characterized by underutilized development patterns, lack of a coherent identity to reinforce the City’s historic character, and excessive ownership of lands by the County and churches. As the redevelopment program envisioned in this Plan matures, it is anticipated that these distinct character areas will evolve into a seamless urban fabric with complementary mixes of residential, employment, recreational, retail, cultural, entertainment, and tourist serving elements that are interwoven through the open space and street network. While each district contains unique features that should be preserved and enhanced, this Plan envisions integrating some fundamental principles that will serve as essential building blocks connecting each of these districts and neighborhoods:

- Compact Development
- Increased Densities
- Neighborhood Activity Centers
- Connectivity
- Character and Identity

For the purposes of this plan, the Downtown CRA is organized into the following three districts and six sub-districts, illustrated on Fig 4.6:

Commercial Corridor District
Residential Neighborhoods:
  - Downtown Transition Mixed-Use Neighborhood
  - Downtown North Neighborhood
  - West Main Neighborhood
Downtown Core:
  - Civic/Institutional Core
  - Traditional Main Street District
  - Waterfront Entertainment District

Fig. 4.6 Map illustrating character districts, Downtown Tavares CRA
Commercial Corridor District

Located on the northern extent of the Downtown Redevelopment Area boundaries, the commercial corridor district is presently characterized by older suburban-style strip commercial development and light industrial uses. The district contains US 441 and SR 19 as the peripheral corridors that serve as the northern and western gateways to Downtown Tavares respectively. These corridors exhibit similar characteristics including high volumes of traffic serving the region, and have a significant impact on the investment image of the redevelopment area. As the primary gateways to Downtown Tavares, this district plays an important role in the economic health of the redevelopment area.

Existing land uses in the area include strip commercial uses, automotive uses, general retail, office uses, industrial uses and older motels. Recent roadway improvement projects along US 441 have resulted in high traffic volumes, however, poor circulation patterns caused by multiple driveway access points, narrow driveways creating difficult turning movements and traffic conflicts have severely impacted pedestrian connectivity between residential neighborhoods. In order to ensure that the development of properties along these peripheral corridors is consistent with the overall vision for Downtown’s urban fabric, this Plan recommends administratively rezoning the industrial zoned properties within the CRA to general commercial uses that include provisions for developing medium density housing on properties that extend to neighborhood streets.

As new development and redevelopment occurs, opportunities to improve traffic circulation, parking, aesthetic character, and the pedestrian environment should be pursued. Streetscape improvements can be used to soften the physical appearance while incorporating joint access and cross parking improvements into the infrastructure upgrades. Based on the community feedback received during the public workshops, the Plan recommends that enhancing connectivity to residential and commercial areas located north of the redevelopment area be accomplished by introducing traffic calming mechanisms such as designated crosswalks or even a pedestrian/bicycle/golf cart bridge across US 441 or SR19, either as a public realm investment or as a component of new private development, that helps foster visible connections for pedestrians to cross the existing roadways.

The redevelopment plan anticipates that the district will continue to develop as a commercial corridor driven by favourable market conditions associated with high traffic volumes and regional growth. The district will be characterized by new development patterns that support more urban buildings with shared access, reduced curb cuts, rear parking lots and buildings located closer to the street. The Plan anticipates that over time suburban type properties along these corridors will be replaced by urban buildings that are closer to the street and have parking behind. New developments will support uses catering to local serving auto-oriented uses such as auto repair shops, gas stations, hotels, chain restaurants, and Class-A offices. The intent of the redevelopment program is to sustain the long-term viability of the businesses while buffering views of the harsh physical conditions of the properties. This can be accomplished through CRA sponsored clean-up of properties, landscaping improvements, code enforcement and appropriate development regulations for future commercial uses.

Objective 4-3:

4.3 Integrate existing commercial and industrial properties into the functional and aesthetic framework of the Downtown, retaining the economic benefits of these uses, while at the same time mitigating their visual impact.

Action Strategies:

4.21 Consider pursuing an administrative rezoning of properties to highway commercial (C-2) for all properties currently designated as industrial uses within this district.

4.22 Encourage joint access and parking between commercial properties to minimize access points and reduce side friction from travel lanes.

4.23 Encourage rear access and parking where land use conflicts do not exist.

4.24 Require landscaped buffering between incompatible uses.

4.25 Intentionally Deleted (Strategy Accomplished)

4.26 Establish standards for desired architectural styles.

4.27 Develop adequate design standards to buffer new commercial industrial uses from residential uses, specifically along US Highway 441 and SR 19.

4.28 Utilize the design review process and code enforcement to ensure adherence and attention to design guidelines and architectural standards.

4.29 Continue to direct future industrial development within the Downtown CRA to appropriate areas in other industrial areas in the City.

4.30 Screen outdoor storage from rights of way and adjoining properties.

4.31 Use TIF Funds to provide buffering along SR 19 to screen residential areas from heavy industry to the east, and other areas where land use conflicts exist.

4.32 Intentionally Deleted (Strategy Accomplished)
SR 19 Corridor Improvements

View of SR 19 south of Main Street. The illustration (right) shows the following recommendations related to public realm and private realm improvements.

A. Burial of Utilities
B. Median Landscaping
C. Joint access and shared parking
D. Private Investment: change from industrial to commercial
E. Shade Trees
F. Wide Sidewalks
G. Landscape Buffer

View of SR 19 north of Main Street. The illustration (right) depicts the recommended streetscape improvements to the roadway looking north to the intersection of SR 19 and US 441.

A. Landscaped Median; Signature Trees
B. Wide sidewalks
C. Tav-Lee Trail Connection
D. Street Lighting
E. Directional Signage
F. Mast Arms at Intersection
G. Linear Park

Source: Google Earth 2017

Source: City of Tavares, July 2017
US 441 Corridor Improvements

Existing conditions at the intersection of US 441 and St. Clair Abrams (above). The illustrations (right) show general recommendations to the public realm and private realm in two phases. Phase I: Public Realm Improvements (top right); Phase II: Private Investment (bottom right)

A. Burial of Utilities
B. Median Landscaping
C. Bicycle Lane
D. Pedestrian Bridge
E. Shade Trees
F. Wide Sidewalks
G. Private Investment: New Development

Source: Google Earth 2017

Commercial Corridor District: Precedents
Residential Neighborhoods

Residential uses constitute the largest component of the existing land use categories in terms of the total number of properties, accounting for slightly over fifty percent (54%) of the total parcel count (348 out of 644 properties). There are 292 single-family residential parcels located within the Downtown CRA, accounting for eighty-four percent (84%) of the total parcels currently classified as residential uses. The remainder of the residential uses consists of fifty-six (56) properties under multi-family uses with more than 10 units, and one-hundred fifty-three (153) parcels classified multi-family with less than 10 units. Colony West Apartments, a federally subsidized multi-family development, is located in the CRA district along the northern edge of Main Street’s western extent.

The Plan identifies three distinct neighborhoods within the Downtown redevelopment area based on their existing character, function, and development potential: Downtown North Neighborhoods, Downtown Transition Neighborhoods, and West Main Neighborhoods. There is a high degree of diversity in the existing housing stock and property conditions, discussed in detail on the following pages. While each neighborhood has unique assets and issues, there are some general issues observed in the residential areas as a whole. These include low-density development, lack of housing diversity, increasing commercial encroachment, lack of identity and lack of pedestrian connectivity between the different neighborhoods. Deteriorating single-family, multi-family and apartment structures, as well as infrastructure conditions such as broken and missing sidewalks, drainage problems, and poor road surfaces, were identified during the site inventory. These conditions deter private investment and become more costly to correct over time.

The efforts to develop the waterfront and improving the quality of life in the Downtown Core should be supported by a harmonizing effort to revitalize and preserve existing neighborhoods. Some areas within these neighborhoods have significant assets such as mature tree canopies, historic buildings and well-maintained sidewalks. It is important to ensure that the benefits of the waterfront are extended and shared by existing neighborhoods and residents. By promoting improvements to the waterfront and the existing neighborhoods, the area’s overall investment image is expected to improve and serve as a foundation for new investment and development of single-family owner-occupied housing. The neighborhoods should be well connected to the waterfront parks and trail system through well-defined access points and pedestrian linkages.
Downtown North Residential Neighborhoods

Concentrated on the northern side of the Downtown Redevelopment Area, the Downtown North neighborhoods is generally defined by US 441 on the north, Disston Avenue on the east, Texas Avenue on the west, and lanthe Street on the south. The neighborhood is predominantly residential - characterized primarily by single-family residential units, and includes the Tavares High School. Set amidst a beautiful tree canopy along some streets, this section of the Downtown is expected to have a significant bearing on the redevelopment of Downtown. In addition to providing needed Downtown housing, the neighborhoods will also function as part of the market base for commercial and retail development being proposed in the Downtown core. Some areas in the district are being impacted by a combination of vacant properties, deteriorating housing conditions, and lack of public facilities and amenities such as missing sidewalks, unpaved roads, and neighborhood parks. The basic street grid currently defining the neighborhood’s structure should remain intact, and proposed improvements to the circulation network, such as extension of Rockingham Avenue and Kentucky Street, will further promote walkability and help forge connections between existing and proposed recreation facilities.

The Plan anticipates that the Downtown North Neighborhood will undergo little change as it relates to land use composition in the short-term. Over time, new development in the neighborhood should be primarily residential with an emphasis on medium-density housing and multi-family dwellings to infill underutilized and vacant properties. New development in areas closer to US 441 should be encouraged to introduce community-oriented retail that services the daily needs of the neighborhood. The Plan recommends that the neighborhood be redeveloped with mid-rise buildings between two and four stories in height; with emphasis on creating a diverse stock of housing units such as town homes, garden apartments, duplexes, and bungalows fitting with the appropriate architectural character, scale and density of the existing residential areas.

As the redevelopment plan matures and the neighborhood witnesses an increase in population and investment, the Plan anticipates that the Tavares High School facilities will be expanded to provide additional educational facilities and resources to future residents. The community also identified a lack of public open space within walking distance of the neighborhood, with the exception of the Fred Stover Sports Complex located just outside the CRA boundaries. This Plan identifies a combination of strategies to create public open space and provide enhanced access to existing recreational facilities such as developing vacant lands for small passive neighborhood parks to complete the system, where possible. Another alternative to ensure the provision of adequate neighborhood parks in proximity to residential neighborhoods, is to initiate discussions with the Lake County School Board to provide joint use sites and programs that address the needs of the area’s youth and children.

As it relates to other public realm improvements, the Plan recommends that the CRA and the City work together to secure the preservation and enhancement of these neighborhoods through neighborhood planning efforts, and other strategies including: infrastructure improvements including gateway treatments, sidewalk improvements, road paving, lighting, improved bus transit service and facilities, and installing directional signage to the Downtown. In conjunction with these improvements power lines should be placed underground, stormwater systems upgraded, pedestrian scale street lighting and sidewalks installed, and a neighborhood tree planting program initiated.

Objective 4-4:

4.4 Designate areas appropriate for moderate density residential development that support a mix of housing products, maintain affordable housing stock where appropriate, provide for in-fill development opportunities at a scale that is compatible with the neighborhood, and continue streetscape improvements as incentives for private investment in housing opportunities.

Action Strategies:

4.33 Areas should be maintained at a density of 5.6-12 dwelling units per acre.
4.34 Consider the provision of flexible development standards in future zoning code revisions for minimum lot sizes to enable development of smaller owner-occupied single family residential lots.
4.35 Consider the inclusion of floor area ratio and maximum lot coverage ratios together to ensure that the scale of rebuilt residential properties harmonizes with surrounding residences.
4.36 Establish residential design standards for building renovations, in-fill development and tear-downs.
4.37 Provide for neighborhood pocket parks or urban gardens where the opportunity arises.
4.38 Preserve the areas from encroachment by incompatible uses.
4.39 Develop strategies to encourage the development of affordable housing, with an emphasis in developing ways in which affordable housing can be integrated within market rate housing development projects.
4.40 Strategically target appropriate locations within the redevelopment area to facilitate new privately developed multi-family housing developments.
4.41 Develop policies that hold absentee landowners accountable for the maintenance and upkeep of the property conditions.
4.42 Provide pedestrian connections between the neighborhoods and the Downtown through an improved network of sidewalks, alleys, and access roads. Improvements to the pedestrian environment should be encouraged through landscape buffering from vehicular areas with widened sidewalks, streetlights, and other design elements.
4.43 Construct neighborhood gateways with appropriate landscaping and identify signage announcing the entrance to each of the four neighborhoods at identified primary entry points.
**West Main Neighborhoods**

The West Main Neighborhoods comprises of residential areas located in the area generally located west of the County judicial facilities and the jail, south of Alfred Street. The area is comprised of a concentration of single-family units, industrial uses, commercial properties, and vacant lands that have experienced deteriorating physical and economic conditions over a period of time. This neighborhood has a distinguished history as a center of activity for the Downtown’s African-American population. Having successfully completed streetscape improvements that have transformed the aesthetics of the commercial areas located on the east end of Main Street, the redevelopment program is anticipated to evolve to the point where improving conditions in the surrounding residential areas along the west end of Main Street should take precedence. Currently, rental units comprise a considerable proportion of properties in the West Main Neighborhoods and these properties tend to have lower home values, deteriorating housing conditions, and lack of private sector investment. In addition, the proximity to the jail, lack of public realm improvements, combined with increased commercial and industrial encroachment have resulted in an overall deterioration in investment image for this section of Downtown.

The Plan does not advocate tearing down all existing buildings in the neighborhood nor anticipates that the redevelopment program will result in displacement of the existing low-income population residing in this neighborhood. As Main Street redevelops and new businesses move into vacant structures, the West Main Neighborhoods are expected to experience a gradual transformation in its land use composition. In addition to ensuring that the public infrastructure is in place for this transformation to take place, the Plan recommends establishing policies and programs that protect the residential areas and stimulate private investment in housing restoration and infill development. Residential areas should be buffered from industrial and commercial uses while zoning strategies should discourage industrial and commercial encroachment into surrounding neighborhoods. Using tax increment revenues, the CRA should establish a residential property improvement grant program to encourage housing restoration. As demand increases, residential design standards should be established to ensure new housing is consistent with the character of the Downtown core and designed to the highest quality.

Similar to the strategies discussed for the Downtown North Neighborhood, the Plan recommends the future of this area be marked by an increase in housing opportunities (town homes, bungalows, duplexes, and garden apartments), while at the same time introducing incremental low-impact changes that introduce combined mixed-use buildings that contain neighborhood retail, grocery stores, and small scale retail stores. As the redevelopment program in the Downtown core is successful in attracting private investment, it is anticipated that the neighborhood will provide opportunities to transform the area as a stable residential area serving as a new gateway into Downtown Tavares from SR 19.

The Plan envisions the expansion of Ingraham Center, located at the intersection of Ingraham Avenue and Bryan Street, as the focus of public realm improvements in the neighborhood. Integrating the Ingraham Center into the existing neighborhood fabric will transform the neighborhood into a destination and create a positive image for the West Main Neighborhood within the larger community.

The Ingraham Center programming and design studies should evaluate the redevelopment of vacant and underutilized properties surrounding the area to accommodate neighborhood oriented activities such as a local library, a day care center, or a neighborhood family center. The center’s design should be flexible to accommodate a diverse range of activities that act as dynamic functional spaces, during day and night, instilling a sense of security into the neighborhood. Some of the activities that could be incorporated into the final design may include: a multi-purpose pavilion used for youth performance, community gatherings, barbecuing facilities, picnic tables; and activities for all age groups: art events, chess, dominoes, basketball courts.

While this neighborhood is physically separated from rest of the Downtown CRA district, completion of the existing Tax-Lee trail will connect the area to citywide recreational systems. The Plan also recommends creating a linear park system along Alfred Street and SR 19. Additionally, creating a trail/pedestrian connection through the Ruby Street Stormwater Improvement Park (behind the County jail) that will further the goal to connect the West Main Neighborhoods with the rest of Downtown. These improvements, together with recommended street extensions and new pedestrian connections, will provide enhanced access to adjacent northern neighborhoods.

**Objective 4-5**

4-5 Continue to enhance residential areas and maintain the affordable housing stock within the redevelopment district through investment in public infrastructure and by establishing or promoting programs that support investment in residential renovations, infill development and redevelopment, preservation of the existing housing stock.

**Action Strategies:**

1. **Ensure adequate buffering between incompatible uses.**
2. **Designate areas appropriate for moderate density mixed-income multi-family residential development.**
3. **Enhance and upgrade existing quality of housing.**
4. **Create incentives to facilitate new infill construction of affordable workforce housing.**
5. **Establish Residential Façade Improvement Program.**
6. **Encourage adaptive reuse of vacant and underutilized properties to accommodate community facilities and activities (vocational technology training center/business resource center/job training center).**
7. **Develop design strategies to minimize the visual impact of the County jail and detention facility center.**
8. **Upgrade facilities at Ingraham Center.**
9. **Work with area faith-based institutions to generate community support and participation in maintaining the neighborhood’s aesthetic environment.**
10. **Work with commercial property owners to institute a sidewalk maintenance and beautification program.**
11. **Encourage neighborhood oriented retail uses in new commercial development fronting Main Street (grocery store, restaurants, deli).**
12. **Increase home ownership working with area financial institutions.**

**Recommendations**

- Neighborhood Gateway Opportunity
- Infill Development Opportunity: Townhomes
- Pocket Park
- Street Improvement: Sidewalks, Streetlighting: Shade trees.
- Pedestrian/Trail Extension via the Planned Stormwater Park
Neighborhood Improvements

View of Ingraham Avenue looking north. The illustration (right) shows the transformation anticipated in the neighborhoods with future public and private realm investment.

- Burial of Utilities
- Traffic Calming
- Improved sidewalks and planting strip
- Private Investment: new infill development
- Shade Trees
- Street Lighting

View of Bloxham Avenue looking south. The illustration (right) shows the transformation anticipated in the neighborhoods with future public and private realm investment.

- Burial of Utilities
- Street Lighting
- Improved sidewalks and planting strip
- Private Investment: new infill development
- Shade Trees

Source: Google Earth 2017
Downtown Transition Mixed-Use Neighborhood

In most of the residential character areas, the Plan recommends strategies to strengthen existing development characteristics. The Downtown Transition Mixed-Use District is concentrated just north of the Downtown Core boundaries, and includes properties located along Alfred Street and Caroline Street between Dixon Avenue and Sinclair Avenue on the east and west respectively. The area also includes properties located along Sinclair Avenue between Alfred Street and US 441. Several residences in the area have been well maintained and exhibit quality architectural features that should be referenced as examples for guidelines for future infill housing. While this area contains several historic structures, the Plan recommends that the City conduct a detailed assessment of its contributing historic structures for National, State and local register listings, prior to permitting rehabilitation and adaptive reuse of existing structures.

Future land use in these areas would consist of live/ work buildings, medium-density housing, specialty retail, and office uses. While this designation is applied in areas consistent with the Mixed-Use (MU) designation contained in the Land Development Regulations and Comprehensive Plan, along Alfred Street and Caroline Street, it is recommended that this land use designation be extended one half block north of Caroline Street. These new designations are consistent with the more intense, current land uses and activities at these locations and will provide a transitional buffer to the surrounding residential areas.

Currently, the uses along Alfred Street consist of a mixture of land uses with strip commercial uses, auto-service shops, public facilities, churches, and single-family residential structures. The existing streetscape conditions in this district have deteriorated and do not support an efficient pedestrian environment. Some of these conditions include high traffic volumes during peak hours, lack of pedestrian cross-access and traffic calming measures, inadequate landscaping and lack of bus transit facilities. The intent is to provide a pedestrian friendly environment that supports local commerce while ensuring minimal impact to the surrounding neighborhoods.

The completed reconfiguration of Alfred and Caroline Streets as a one-way pair is expected to have an impact on future development patterns in this district. The Plan envisions the reconfiguration of Alfred Street to act as catalyst that will create a vibrant district with widened sidewalks, on-street parking, extensive landscaping, and appropriate traffic calming measures. The building and land use patterns proposed in this district will be more intense than the existing conditions. The Plan recommends vertically mixing land uses along the properties located along Alfred Street, and gradually stepping down to the neighborhoods, and mid-block between Alfred Street and Caroline Street. The ground floors should contain active uses, preferably retail, while upper floors should contain offices or residential uses.

Properties fronting Caroline Street and Sinclair Avenue are anticipated to accommodate developments that are similar to the current uses and scale of buildings in the area. The Plan anticipates that over time single family homes located along these streets will likely be redeveloped as professional offices, live/work buildings, low-density residential structures and small apartments. New development along Caroline Street should further step down to the Downtown North neighborhoods, in order to preserve the existing character of the low-density residential areas.

The Tavares Public Library and Civic Center, the Tavares Historical Society, and Ridge Park are located within the Downtown Transition Mixed-Use District. These community facilities are the primary generators of pedestrian activity, drawing residents not only from the residential neighborhoods in the Downtown Redevelopment Area but also the entire City. Several members of the community and staff have indicated that the existing facilities have outgrown its capacity and there is an expressed desire to expand these facilities to address the needs of diverse population groups. An essential component for realizing the Downtown’s vision to create a compact and walkable community is the presence of a strong framework of public facilities and amenities. The Plan recommends redeveloping the existing Civic Center, Public Library and Ridge Park facilities to create a facility that has improved physical access to the Downtown redevelopment area and provides a functional and architecturally significant activity center for community engagement and culture. The Plan suggests that the CRA consider assembling vacant properties in the vicinity of the existing Civic Center/Library to create a new neighborhood park that will serve as a recreational facility for Downtown North neighborhoods and the Downtown at large.

Development patterns in this district should be oriented towards a more urban form with buildings placed closer to the sidewalks, with additional setbacks if the property is located on a street corner. In addition, the Plan recommends creating a continuous frontage along the primary streets with rear parking and mid-block pedestrian access points, where possible. In general, building intensity will be in the low to middle range, but significantly higher than present development patterns.

As the Downtown Transition District revitalizes as a medium-density neighborhood mixed-use transition corridor, it will need convenient off-street parking to support more frequent visitors. The Plan identifies opportunities to develop structured parking in the vicinity of the taller buildings located in the Civic core and the County facilities. The intent is to provide a transition in land use from the high density Downtown core to the residential areas within the context of an upgraded public realm setting.

Recommendations: Downtown Transition Mixed-Use District

- **Primary Gateway Opportunity**
- **Neighborhood Gateway Opportunity**
- **Mid Development Opportunity: Mixed-Use (Retail/Office/Residential)**
- **Redevelopment Opportunity: Neighborhood Park**
- **Future Expansion: Library/Civic Center**
- **Secondary Gateway Opportunity**
- **Pedestrian Linkage**

Artwork: Grid squares: Color coding, locations with text. A through G

**Figure 4.11 Downtown Transition Mixed-Use District**

**Artist Rendering of the Tavares Library/Civic Center Expansion**

Source: Civil Engineering Solutions, Inc. December 2015
Objective 4-6:

4-6 Accommodate transitions in land use through appropriate zoning regulations, investment in pedestrian improvements and incentives for private sector investment in the adaptive re-use of existing residential structures.

Action Strategies:

4.56 Intentionally Deleted (Strategy Accomplished).

4.57 Incorporate streetscape improvements, such as decorative street lighting, wider sidewalks, street trees, brick intersections on asphalt streets and the reconstruction of brick street, to establish a pedestrian environment in support of future commercial activity.

4.58 Encourage property owners to introduce a mix of housing types—townhomes, live/work studios, garage apartments, lofts to provide for affordable workforce housing.

4.59 Encourage more professional office uses to support specialty retail and food service industries.

4.60 Encourage adaptive reuse of existing residential uses to accommodate low-impact non-residential uses (professional offices, neighborhood retail, restaurants).

4.61 Accentuate significant intersections with appropriate gateway treatment and directional signage to major activity centers.

4.62 Conduct design and programming studies to expand the Public Library and Civic Center facilities on Caroline Street.

4.63 Promote high intensity mixed-use development on identified vacant and underutilized properties in the neighborhood.

4.64 Encourage development of moderate to high intensity mixed-uses on primary north-south streets in the district (retail at grade/ office/residential upper floors).

4.65 Ensure design standards and architectural guidelines are in place prior to the approval of any new development in the area.

Existing conditions at the southeast corner of Alfred Street and Sinclair Avenue intersection (top). The illustration (top-right) depicts the transformation anticipated during the first phase of public realm improvements. The second phase shown in the image on the bottom-right depicts how private investment will help create a vibrant pedestrian environment.

Accomplished

- A Signalized intersection with mast arms
- B Construction of County Parking Garage
- C Improved pedestrian crosswalks
- D Alfred Street conversion to one-way

On-going

- E Burial of Utilities
- F Improved sidewalks and planting strip
- G Private Investment: new infill mixed-use development with storefronts
- H Shade Trees
- I Internal Plaza
- J New Residential development with greater heights mid-block
Revitalizing Alfred Street

View of Alfred Street looking west. The illustrations (right) show general recommendations to the public realm and private realm.

Accomplished
A. Alfred Street: One-Way Conversion
B. On-Street Parking
C. Improved sidewalks & crosswalks

On-going
D. Shade Trees/Landscaping
E. Burial of Utility Trenches
F. New Infill Development: Mixed-Use
G. Improved Pedestrian crosswalks and traffic calming
H. Widened Sidewalks in conjunction with new private development
I. Directional Signage
J. Multimodal Transportation Modes: Bus Transit/Segways/NEVs

Downtown Transition Mixed-Use District Precedents
Sinclair Avenue Gateway Improvements

View of the intersection at Sinclair Avenue and US 441. The images show secondary gateway improvements and private sector investment.

- **A** Burial of Utilities
- **B** New Infill Development: Mixed-Use (Neighborhood Retail/Office)
- **C** Widened Sidewalks in conjunction with new private development
- **D** Median Landscaping: Signature Trees
- **E** Directional Signage
- **F** Street Furniture
- **G** Multimodal Transportation Modes: Bus Transal/Segways/NEVs
- **H** Shade Trees
- **I** Improved pedestrian environment: Alternative location for pedestrian bridge
- **J** New development

Source: Google Earth 2017

Downtown Transition Mixed-Use District Precedents
Downtown Core

The Downtown Core District, located in the heart of Tavares’ Redevelopment district, is comprised of the region’s important government offices and ancillary uses: Lake County Administration Building, County Judicial Center, Lake County Historical Museum, Lake County Historical Courthouse, Tavares City Hall, and Wiston Park. As the primary economic base for the City, small businesses and professional organizations related to the government services employ workers who commute into the Downtown area daily. Since the adoption of the 2008 Downtown Tavares Redevelopment Master Plan, major construction projects (Judicial Center expansion, County’s Administration Building and Public Parking Garage) were completed which has significantly increase downtown’s economy, parking access and activities.

The Plan establishes three sub-districts within the Downtown Core to reinforce the Downtown’s potential to develop as a center of business and civic activity for the Downtown and the region. The sub-districts include:

- **Institutional Core**
- **Traditional Main Street District**
- **Waterfront Entertainment District**

Each area combines to form a cohesive vision for the Downtown Core that will facilitate development of a wide range of land uses within a one-quarter to one-half mile radius or five to ten minute walking radius. This section includes specific recommendations for each of the three sub-districts of the Downtown Core.

Institutional Core

Government operations continue to remain a significant and vital economic engine for Downtown Tavares. Combining nearly eight blocks between Ruby Street and US 441, the institutional core is comprised primarily of county, city and church owned properties. These include the Lake County Administration Building, County Public Parking Garage, County Emergency Operation Center, Judicial Center, County Jail, City’s Public Safety Complex, and the First United Methodist Church. In addition, the area also contains professional offices such as attorneys, bail bond agencies, insurance agencies and other government related professional services.

The First United Methodist Church is located at a major intersection and serves as a significant gateway structure and should be enhanced with landscaping and creation of a linear park to accentuate the entry into Downtown from US 441. The adjacent wetlands should be conserved as an open space, adding to the Downtown’s open space and recreation network.

The City’s Public Safety Complex site is located just south of the First United Methodist Church. This Complex will consist of consolidating the Police, Fire and EMS services into one 2-Story structure. The site is approximately 2-acre in size and is more specifically located on the northeast corner of W. Caroline Street and W. Alfred Street (Old US441). The structure will have a total of approximately 46,000 square feet of which 8,400 will be used for vehicle bays. The project is currently under Site Plan review and is projected to start construction later this year.

During the public sessions, the community expressed a desire to examine the feasibility of installing a Trail Overpass at SR19 and Alfred Street. The location has an existing crosswalk for the Tav-Lee Trail but its hard to discern, combine with heavy vehicle traffic, makes this intersection very difficult to cross for pedestrians and trail users. A Trail Overpass will facilitate the existing users and help promote trail use. The Trail Overpass can also act as a gateway feature directing people to Downtown. The City will have to work with the Lake County Trails program to see the possibilities in achieving this capital improvement. On the short term, the City should explore the possibility to install additional and/or enhanced signage and markings for the existing crosswalk to better direct users across SR19. The Plan also recommends creating a linear park system along Alfred Street leading to Downtown’s Main Street.

While the existing County jail facility located in the district does not serve the highest and best use for prime Downtown property, the Plan recognizes that it currently supports a large component of the businesses and that the County has no plans to relocate the jail in the near future. In order to mitigate the visual impacts of the jail facility on the surrounding facility, the Plan recommends employing streetscape beautification and landscape buffer techniques consistent with the proposed character for Main Street. In addition, the Plan identifies opportunities to create a pedestrian trail connection in the rear of the property that connects the West Main Neighborhoods to Ruby Street. If the county decides to relocate the jail, the Plan anticipates that the property will be developed in accordance with the development characteristics for Main Street, retaining an urban mixed-use configuration.

**Fig. 4.12 Institutional Core**

**Trail Overpass**

Source: Lake County Trails Master Plan

**Existing:**
- A County Jail
- B Judicial Center
- C Public Parking Garage
- D County Emergency Operation Center
- E First United Methodist Church

**Recommended:**
- F City’s Public Safety Complex
- G Institutional/Office/University Extension Opportunity
- H Primary Gateway/Trail Overpass Opportunity
- I Pedestrian/Trail Extension through the Planned Stormwater Improvement Park
- J Conservation Land/ Open Space
The Plan capitalizes on these proposed improvements, and recommends working with Universities and State Colleges for extension facilities in the future that could potentially accommodate legal and/or nursing programs to strengthen the institutional character of the district. Opportunities to introduce these uses are potentially available in underuse government buildings as in a joint-use program. Finally, the Plan calls for embracing the institutional core as a vital activity center for Downtown while encouraging the creation of a diverse mixed-use district in an upgraded physical environment.

**Objective 4-7:**

4-7 Strengthen Institutional Core as a focus of government activity, and connect institutional buildings to the overall Downtown public realm framework.

**Action Strategies:**

4.66 Pursue future development opportunities with the County for University/State College extension campus facilities (performing arts program).
4.67 Intentionally Deleted (Strategy Accomplished).
4.68 Intentionally deleted (Strategy Accomplished).
4.69 Explore opportunities to introduce retail/office uses in future county facility expansion and development projects.
4.70 Ensure design standards and buffering requirements are established for institutional uses.
4.71 Establish a coherent directional signage system for all public facilities and parking areas.

Artist Rendering of the Tavares Public Safety Complex

Artist Rendering of the Tavares Stormwater Park Project
Traditional Main Street District

As the central spine of Downtown Tavares, the Traditional Main Street district has continued to serve as the historic commercial and civic activity center in Tavares. The district is the heart of commercial activity (office and retail) for the Downtown area, and connects the City’s most significant institutions: Tavares City Hall and the Lake County Government Complex. Presently, the district contains a diverse range of land uses from older commercial buildings to institutional uses; from low-density residential uses to scattered offices uses; and vacant and underutilized surface parking lots. Anticipated future development patterns in this district help to illustrate the concept of allowing both vertical and horizontal mixed-use development. Vertical mixed-use refers to having several uses contained in one building with a change in uses occurring at different building levels. Horizontal mixed-use pertains to a site accommodating more than one use. For example a large-scale retailer, a bank and an office tower and townhomes could be developed on one site under this scenario. The Plan recommends discouraging stand-alone single story commercial buildings in new developments.

The historic development pattern along Main Street has been instrumental in establishing the charm and character of the community therefore the style and placement of future buildings should be consistent with this established form. About a decade ago, the City completed construction of a streetscape improvements for a section of Main Street between Disston Avenue and Sinclair Avenue. These improvements have contributed in enhancing the pedestrian environment in Downtown. Evidence of this can be seen by the mont private sector investment along Main Street. However, the lack of residential densities that are needed to support retail establishments is still an ongoing concern for the City.

Downtown Tavares is witnessing a transformation and resurgence in downtown activities not unlike other cities (Eustis, Winter Garden, Sanford, et. al.) across Florida and the Nation. On going activities including the construction of additional improvements to Wooton Park (Phase II), the repurposing of the City’s Tavares Train Station, and the future opportunities that can be derived from the Central Florida Commuter Rail. Wooton Park Phase II will consist of an additional mixed-use ramp, fishing/observation pier, Tav-Lee trail head and gazebo. The City’s Tavares Train Station is currently not in operation but the City is optimistic in obtaining a Tourist Train Services provider in the near future. It should also be noted, that the City should take advantage of having an artist (popup art program) use the space until a Train Service provider is acquired. The Central Florida Commuter Rail extension and service is still an opportunity for the City even though its current lack of progress in rider ship in the Central Florida region.

The Plan envisions building upon these synergies to create a mixed-use district, containing high-density residential uses, entertainment venues, hotels, restaurant, shopping, and destination uses. The Main Street District will be the location for retail storefronts on the ground floor of all buildings with residential and office uses on upper floors. This includes introducing ground-floor retail storefronts along the north-south streets between Alfred Street and Ruby Street. It is essential that existing tree canopies are preserved as well as new shade trees are planted in the district in order to create a walkable environment.

Fig. 4.13 Recommendations: Traditional Main Street District (SR 19 to Sinclair Avenue)

- Primary Gateway Opportunity
- Infill Redevelopment Opportunity: Mixed-Use (Residential over retail office)
- New development with generous storefronts; rear parking; shared access; wide sidewalks
- Landscape buffer to improve visual impact of County Jail
- Visually enhance trail/tile lanes with Paint and/or Signage
- Raze non industrial to commercial
- Bus stop pullover

Fig. 4.14 Recommendations: Traditional Main Street District (Sinclair Avenue to Disston Avenue)

- Preserve and promote historic structures: Historic Courthouse
- County Public Parking Garage: Shared use as public facility
- Outparcel liner buildings
- Linear Park/ Pedestrian Linkage to Library

- Infill Development: Traditional Main Street storefronts: mixed-use (residential over retail)
- Redevelopment Opportunity: Mixed-Use (Performance Art Center/Retal/Shops)
- Tavares Square: maintain viewshed of lake
- Historic Buildings (shops/restaurants) maintain historic setbacks lines

- Historic Buildings (shops/restaurants) maintain historic setbacks lines
- Primary Gateway Opportunity
- Future location for City’s Public Parking Garage
- Existing City’s Train Station/Chamber of Commerce
Growth within the Downtown Core should increase economic vitality and residential density while simultaneously improving the overall quality of the area with public realm improvements. The most significant public realm improvement in this district will be the creation of the Tavares Square urban plaza. Connecting Main Street to the waterfront, including the blocks to the east and west of Rockingham Avenue, the plaza is envisioned to be designed as a public space suitably sized to accommodate civic uses including festivals, farmer’s market, outdoor vendors, possibly a heritage and cultural museum, framed with restaurants, cafes, and residential units on the upper floors. The new gathering space should be more urban and interactive by creating common spaces that encourages increased pedestrian activity.

The building and land use pattern proposed in the Downtown Core, including the Traditional Main Street District will have higher intensities and densities than existing conditions. In order to maintain the historic character of the district, the Plan recommends employing a combination of generous setbacks on the ground floor to accommodate wider sidewalks and step backs at upper floors to create pedestrian scaled built form. The proposed building envelope contains low rise buildings (2 stories or 28 feet) that gradually increase to 6 stories or 84 feet in middle of the blocks along Main Street between Maud Street and Ruby Street.

In addition to urban form and architectural style, a strong combination of uses and activities established in an attractive pedestrian setting provide a foundation for economic success. Artwork, festivals and cultural activities in the Downtown strengthen commerce by providing exposure to local businesses and opportunities for increased patronage. The redevelopment endorses the continued support of local festivals and the location of key cultural amenities, such as museums and artist lofts, near Main Street and the proposed plaza.

**Objective 4-8:**

4-8 Create a compact, mixed-use, and diverse district that celebrates the historic and cultural heritage of Tavares, while enhancing the economic vitality of Downtown businesses through a well-defined land use and regulatory framework. The intent is to maintain and expand the district as a pedestrian-oriented area focused on promoting activity generating uses.

**Action Strategies:**

4.72 Density: 12-25 du/acre.

4.73 Tiered Building Heights: 2-6 stories from Main Street to Maud Street.

4.74 Continue to support Downtown businesses through the expansion and diversification of uses and activities along Main Street and through additional improvements to the road designed for pedestrian safety and increased visibility.

4.75 Pursue improvements to further enhance the quality of the pedestrian environment.

4.76 Enhance pedestrian safety and slow speed of automobiles in the downtown through the use of reduced speed limits, better signage and the use of elevated, decorative crosswalks at all Main Street intersections.

4.77 Employ design standards for site planning and architectural features.

4.78 Encourage a complimentary mix of uses & activities.

4.79 Attract more restaurants, cafes and specialty retail.

4.80 Develop a “niche” market.

4.81 Encourage concentration of retail activities at ground level within this district, preferably destination retail and tourist related uses such as restaurants, museums, outfitters, art galleries. Upper floors should contain offices or residential uses.

4.82 Organize land uses in a manner that encourages and supports movement by public transit, bicycle, walking, and other alternative transportation modes.

4.83 Allow a diverse range of uses in the district, including live/ work units, lofts, offices, neighborhood grocery stores, bank, post office, events center.

4.84 Encourage infill development with higher density residential within the district on upper floors.

4.85 Discourage new one-story commercial buildings and single-family residential development in the district.

4.86 Pursue catalytic projects through public- private partnerships or land assemblage in the block fronting Main Street between St. Clair Abrams Avenue and New Hampshire Avenue.

4.87 Initiate discussions with impacted private property owners to determine their level of support and intent for participation in the proposed redevelopment program.

4.88 Work with the property owner to redevelop the block located west of City Hall between Rockingham and New Hampshire. The Plan envisions a moderate scale mixed-use development with hotel, office, retail, and residential uses.

4.89 Develop a master plan for the area identified as the Tavares Square in the urban design plan illustrating as a pedestrian plaza along Rockingham Avenue incorporating the blocks located between St. Clair Abrams and New Hampshire Avenue. Construct a new pedestrian plaza defined by mixed-use buildings to visually and physically connect Main Street to the waterfront.

4.90 Continue to develop incentives that will help activate the district’s pedestrian environment and facilitate retail development at ground level within the district. Examples of incentives include: exempting retail uses on the ground floor from FAR calculations within the district; parking exemptions; and area-wide master stormwater permit.

4.91 Higher density and intensify should be encouraged in conjunction with the development of commuter rail or light rail.

4.92 Require appropriate land use transitions to ensure new development is compatible with existing areas.

4.93 Require linear buildings or architectural treatment in the design of parking structures in all new developments.

4.94 Develop strategies to encourage the development of affordable housing, with an emphasis on developing incentives in which affordable housing can be integrated within market rate housing development projects.
Revitalizing Main Street

View of Main Street looking west. The illustration (bottom) depicts anticipated improvements to the public realm supported by higher density private sector investment.

- Enhance existing streetscape
- New Infill Development: Mixed-Use (Residential over retail)
- Activate Pedestrian environment: Tavares Square urban plaza concept
- Tiered Mixed-Use development (2-6 stories)
- Incorporate architectural details: canopies and awnings
- Improved crosswalk paving
- Redevelopment Opportunity: Mixed-Use Hotel (Residential/retail/parking garage)
**Main Street: Key Projects**

- View of the intersection at Main Street and SR 19. The illustration (right) shows the transformation anticipated in the neighborhoods with future public and private realm investment.
  - **A** Burial of Utilities
  - **B** Traffic Calming and landscape median
  - **C** Improved sidewalks and landscape treatment
  - **D** Private Investment: new infill development
  - **E** Entryway Feature
  - **F** Street Lighting
  - **G** Directional Signage

- View of proposed plaza at Rockingham Avenue and Main Street, looking south. The illustration (right) shows the transformation anticipated in the district with future public and private realm investment.
  - **A** Formalized pedestrian plaza- public art, change in paving to accentuate intersection, signature trees
  - **B** Redevelopment Opportunity: Mixed-Use
  - **C** Outdoor vendors and events
  - **D** Sidewalk cafes
  - **E** Redevelopment Opportunity: Mixed-Use (Residential over retail)
Waterfront Entertainment District

Forming the CRA district’s southern boundary, Lake Dora is expected to serve as a regional destination for residents and visitors. The proposed improvements envision Wooton Park as a unique event/recreation venue in Central Florida in that the facility is accessible by water, air, rail, bicycle and hiking (TAVLEE Trailhead facility), public transit and automobile. As one example, this multimodal aspect will allow someone arriving by seaplane to take a watercraft to Mount Dora and return to Wooton Park by train. Typically, a private rail service provider is capable of providing rail services from Tavares to Mount Dora, Eustis or possibly Orlando. While this service is currently limited to special event activities, this direct rail access provides the infrastructure backbone for future scheduled commuter rail service from Tavares to Orlando and a rail tie-in to a future “height village” in the Tavares area. The goal is to transform Wooton Park from a place primarily used by local residents into a regional destination waterfront venue with multiple uses that will continue to attract visitors and water related events to the community.

In 2017, the City will host its annual Dragon Boat Festival, the Spring Thunder Vintage Race Boat Regatta, the Sunnyland Antique Boat Festival, Seaplane-A-Palooza, Kayakathon, Planes Trains & BBQ, Hydro Drag Nationals, and several national fishing tournaments at Wooton Park. Confirmed and proposed events for 2017 will draw an estimated 72,000 visitors to Downtown Tavares and Wooton Park. The proposed project when completed will be a multi-use park, regional special events venue with a water orientation providing a Marina/Seaplane basin, boat, bicycle rentals, and other water related activities including the construction of a sandy beach on Lake Dora.
In addition to the improvements to Wooton Park, the potential to develop a transit hub for the proposed Central Florida Commuter Rail Transit presents unparalleled opportunities for Downtown Tavares to emerge as a regional multimodal center. The Redevelopment Plan proposes that the City of Tavares should capitalize on this opportunity to redevelop the waterfront entertainment district and the Downtown Core as a Transit-Oriented Development (TOD), based on station area master planning principles. The intent of the plan is to reconfigure Ruby Street as an entertainment district that serves a regional population anticipated to constitute the critical mass needed to support a transit service. It is anticipated that similar trends seen in cities served by transit service, the Downtown core will attract developers that are interested in creating high-density, mixed-use destinations within a 5-mile walking radius of the transit station. These uses combined with the proposed public improvements including the Tavares Square, Wooton Park improvements, the Tavares’ Train Station, the Ruby Street re-pavement and Stormwater Improvement Park offers a unique opportunity to create a reinvigorated waterfront entertainment district.

![Tavares Waterfront Entertainment District](image)

As Tavares continues to expand its aviation presence, Jones Brothers & Co. has continued to play a pivotal role in representing the City by providing innovative seaplane services to our community.

---

**Objectives 4-9 & 4-10:**

4-9 Establish a waterfront entertainment district providing a venue for festivals, shops, restaurants, the arts and cultural amenities that will firmly establish Downtown Tavares as a regional destination.

4-10 Plan for the transformation of the district to evolve from the present rural configuration to a more hardened urban waterfront venue.

**Action Strategies:**

4.95 Undertake a detailed design master plan of the district to fully integrate the appropriate phasing of all proposed elements of design. Including, but not limited to the following:

- Continuation of proposed improvements to Wooton Park.
- Appropriate phasing of future improvements to the park to provide for a hardened urban waterfront feature.
- Commuter rail transit system and facilities design.
- Private sector development opportunities including economic feasibility and design of future development along Ruby Street.
- Design and integration of Tavares Square
- Design and integration of key destination cultural facility

4.96 Plan, design and construct Ruby Street improvements as the primary spine of the entertainment district.

4.97 Ensure all required infrastructure is incorporated in the Ruby Street Design.

4.98 Determine feasibility and seek funding for a destination cultural facility which might include a transportation, heritage or natural resource museum.

4.99 Seek opportunities to control key development sites.

4.100 Initiate discussions with all affected property owners to determine attributes of possible land acquisition and disposition program.

4.101 Leverage County Records property as a tool to control other key development sites through negotiations with potential developers.

4.102 Initiate discussions with Tavares Station developers to maximize development potential of their property in conjunction with development of the entertainment district.

4.103 Consider solicitation of Master Developer for Waterfront District.

4.104 Devise strategic development incentive package for use in negotiations.

4.105 Pursue art in public spaces program.

4.106 Continue with successful festival and events planning.

4.107 Consider weekly events program such as farmers market or arts and crafts fairs.

4.108 Work with Chamber of Commerce and other economic development organizations to devise marketing strategy for Downtown Tavares.

4.109 Review and amend, if necessary, codes and policies that may be a detriment to the success of the entertainment district such as noise and alcohol policies.